





THE REPUBLICAN UNION IS NOT UNMINDFUL OF THE UNION SOLDIER AND HIS NOBLE SERVICES IN DEFENDING HIS COUNTRY AGAINST ARMY REBELS. A PARTY THAT ORGANIZED THE WAR WHICH CRUSHED THE REBELLION VERY NATURALLY MANIFESTS ITS GRATITUDE TO THE VALIANT HOSTS THAT WON THE VICTORY. IN THE PLATFORM ADOPTED BY THE CONVENTION THAT NOMINATED GARFIELD AND ARTHUR THESE RINGING WORDS OCCUR:

"The obligations of the Republic to the men who preserved its integrity in the hour of battle are undiminished by the lapse of fifteen years, since their final victory. To do them perpetual honor is, and shall forever be, the grateful privilege and sacred duty of the American people."

What does the Democratic platform contain on the same vital subject? Not a solitary word. The convention that nominated Hancock made no more allusion to its platform to the Union soldier than if he had never had an existence. But why should we expect a political body composed so largely of Rebels, traitors, copperheads and doughfaces, to show a lively regard for the persons who saved the Union? Why should we be surprised at Wade Hampton's convention for omitting to do honor to the loyal soldier—the common soldier? It is not a circumstance that should excite astonishment. "The Rebel General who is at the head of the Pension Committee in the Senate" and the Rebel Generals who infused their spirit into the Democratic Convention are "birds of a feather."

As intimated in a previous issue, the movement for the conversion of Irish citizens to the Republican faith is gaining considerable headway. A convention was held on Monday in Saratoga, N. Y., for the purpose of hastening the movement, and was quite an important meeting, both in numbers and character. It bids very fair to become an important factor in the campaign, especially in the State of New York, where its importance will be felt. There is no universal law which compels Irishmen to be the hewers of wood and drawers of water for the Democracy, although they have hitherto accepted the bondage as inevitable. And there is reason for this defection of the Irish vote from the Democrats when one recognizes the fact that the English capitalists who have fattened on unprotected Ireland, are spending large sums in this country to-day to elect the Democratic free trade ticket. And yet the Democrats cannot hope to succeed without the votes of the Irishmen. Here is a case which is peculiarly true, that if they would be free, these men must strike the blow. And there is no better striker than an Irishman once aroused.

—We call attention to a letter published in another column, from Rev. Dr. Cummings, late President of the South Carolina University. Dr. Cummings' experience in the South taught him that the Southern issue is a real one. He shows that General Grant knew of what he was talking when he said: "There is not a prelate in this vast nation where a Democrat cannot cast his ballot and have it counted as cast. \* \* \* There are fourteen States, and localities in some other States, where the Democrats have not this privilege."

THE LOVE FEAST.

The Democratic meeting on Tuesday evening was creditable in every way, except in the two essentials of speakers and enthusiasm. Of the former there was enough and to spare; of the latter not any at all. But that lack of enthusiasm was more than made up by the continuous merriment of one-half the crowd, who were Republicans out to hear about the "principles" of the Democratic party in this contest. It is almost superfluous to add, they did not hear them, nor of them. It was, however, a great success as a love feast. Oh, how lovely the speakers were, and how they did go into ecstasies over the magic name of Hancock. The entire vocabulary was called in for adjectives of admiration. One orator hugged himself in vain attempt to pump some more Hancock win out of his bellows, but collapsed, and retired amidst laughter. There was love for Hancock and for the returned prodigal, as Forney was called. Love for State Rights, and love for Rebels, but above all, love for the flesh pots which the keen scent of their longer snelt yet this long way off from election.

To the numerous Republicans present, Forney never appeared at so much disadvantage; and his half hour speech fell like a thunderbolt. It was pitiful to hear him threaten the manufacturers if they attempted to influence their employees against Hancock when all his listeners remembered how for ten years back he thundered his philippics in the columns of the Press against the disfranchisement of 500,000 black men in the South. Poor Forney, how contemptibly mean he must feel! Ringwalt is beneath notice as a speaker, and Duffield's remarks were a close copy of Hughie Dougherty's famous burlesque stump speech. The real speech of the evening was given by the young man whom the Democrats refused to nominate in his district on the day he spoke here, and who, being rich, is helping his personal friend Hancock, out of a spirit of pure friendship. The best thing he said was New Hampshire, Maine, Michigan and Pennsylvania could be easily figured for his friend—the latter by over 100,000 majority. We hope the Democracy will spunk up enough to give us some more entertainments during the campaign. Every such one as Tuesday night is a solid gain for the Republican party.

—"The Rebel General who is at the head of the Pension Committee in the Senate" very naturally turns a deaf ear to Union soldiers. It would be foolish to suppose that he should have a lively interest in their welfare.

—The official figures of the Treasury Department show that the Democrats increased the public expenditures over \$41,000,000 in five years. This is a fact worth remembering.

REASON WHY REPUBLICANS AND LABORERS NEED NOT VOTE THE DEMOCRATIC TICKET AT THIS ELECTION.

One is the very bad record that the Democratic party has made before and since it went out of power upon issues that are vitally important to business interests. Another reason is the excellent record made by the Republican party during its existence, upon these issues, and with these records clear and distinct, as they are to the discernment of every intelligent person. No capitalist, no business man, and no laboring man can afford to cast his vote in favor of an influence that demands any change of policy. The same policy or influence that produces a healthy, good trade for the business man, and hence security to capital, can alone produce a satisfactory condition for the laboring man; for they go hand in hand as one family, and there can be no healthy, prosperous times for the trader unless the labor of the land is well and profitably employed; and any influence tending to this end is certainly the basis of prosperity to any nation.

Regarding, as we do, the intelligent application of labor as the source of all wealth, we cannot see how any policy the Democratic party advocates or has advocated for the last twenty-five years can lead us to any more exalted position of prosperity than we now possess; but, on the contrary, it would land us in the slough of 1837 and 1857, when the honest laborers of the country were paying for work only to feed and clothe their famishing families. We certainly do not want this condition of affairs in this country.

Nations are no different from individuals, and the man who will buy on credit, loaf around out of work, spending more than he earns, will of necessity come back empty, and want; and so with the nation. If we, as a collection of individuals, allow the labor of our land to be idle, from any cause, do not keep it employed, and permit this country to purchase from abroad more each year than we sell abroad, then we, as a nation of individuals, will become bankrupt, and have to do as we have done in the past—settle up, pay any per cent we can, and start over again, to only repeat history.

We have a fitting illustration right here in our midst. We have manufacturing industries, surrounded by a fine agricultural country. The wages paid out to labor in our borough aggregates about one-half million dollars yearly, or \$100 for every man, woman and child, and about \$500 to each household—enough to keep the entire population, judiciously expended.

Now this position is no fiction. The capitalist receives his share in rents and interest; the store-keeper, the butcher, the baker, the doctor, the lawyer, the clergyman, and all other interests of our community receive their full share of this \$500,000, and are maintained in existence by and through its distribution. For exemplification, we will take an exaggerated view of the case and consider our situation. With the industrial establishments suddenly blotted out of existence—say by a fire or hurricane—and it were impossible to reconstruct them, most certainly three-fourths of our population would have to move away; there would be no use for four-fifths of the business men; houses would be tenanted; capitalists with their money invested in houses or mortgages, would be without rent or interest; the lawyer, undoubtedly, would be benefited for the time being by the general carnival of ruin, and thrive upon the dead carcass of prosperity, as the buzzard over the any at all. But that lack of enthusiasm was more than made up by the continuous merriment of one-half the crowd, who were Republicans out to hear about the "principles" of the Democratic party in this contest. It is almost superfluous to add, they did not hear them, nor of them. It was, however, a great success as a love feast. Oh, how lovely the speakers were, and how they did go into ecstasies over the magic name of Hancock. The entire vocabulary was called in for adjectives of admiration. One orator hugged himself in vain attempt to pump some more Hancock win out of his bellows, but collapsed, and retired amidst laughter. There was love for Hancock and for the returned prodigal, as Forney was called. Love for State Rights, and love for Rebels, but above all, love for the flesh pots which the keen scent of their longer snelt yet this long way off from election.

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he is honest, sober and prudent. Then why ask for a change in the policy of our government? Contentment should be one of the children of Prosperity. We should be thankful that we are here in this land protected by safeguards such as no other people possess, and we should not fail to realize and appreciate our present well-being. When they have passed beyond our reach it will be too late.

We would say then to every voter possessing this great boon, that it is not only your privilege, but your duty, to express your wishes by and through it; and, in doing so, think calmly, consider well the effect, ponder over the result your vote will produce. Before you cast it know why you vote; do not give your ballot in favor of a candidate because he may be a very agreeable gentleman, or because the national candidate may be a superb soldier; but look to the principles of the party. You are voting for good or evil tendencies to yourself and your fellow man,—not to make any man a legislator or President.

The Democratic party has been well tried. We know what they have attempted to do during the last twenty years, and we do not wish to try it over again. The Republican party has been on trial for the same period, and we can see, as clearly as we can see the sun in the heavens, our immense advancement as a people to prosperity and happiness.

(Correspondence Bucks County Gazette.)

PROHIBITIONISTS IN MAINE.

EDITOR GAZETTE.—In the editorial upon Maine, in your issue of the 16th inst., considerable space is devoted to a complaint of the Prohibitionists, and their part in the recent State contest. It is but fair that the facts of the case should be fully stated in their behalf, and in doing so we will admit your claim, "That Temperance men are nearly always Republicans." It could not be otherwise. The Democratic party has nothing in common with temperance. It is run to the core; it likes run; it believes in it; it drinks it; it feeds upon it; run permeates its every pore, and constitutes its bone and sinew. As the maggot fattens only in filth, and shrivels and dies the moment it is exposed to the pure light and warmth of the sun's rays, so Democracy flourishes only in a run atmosphere, and must die the moment that run is banished, and it loses the strengthening influence and monetary support of the run power. It should be remembered that in Maine, the prohibition law, now of nearly thirty years standing, is universally recognized as the source of all their well-being.

That through it the whole community have grown to be an intelligent, self-respecting and thrifty people, and have arrived at a condition of prosperity not thought of prior to the enactment of the law. Not only are nearly all the temperance people Republicans, but almost the entire Republican are Prohibitionists. Now it happens that about three years ago it occurred to the minds of some of the political aspirants and party wire pullers, that hang upon and curse every party organization, that they might secure a small additional vote by some concessions to the run influence, and believing that they were sure of the Prohibition support in any event, they made a truce with run, and agreed that in the towns the prohibitory law should not be enforced, and it was not enforced. Run began to flow freely and openly, with all its concomitant evils of drunkenness, rioting and midnight brawls. In Bangor alone two hundred places were opened for the sale of liquor. The Legislature, fresh from the people, and knowing well the wishes of their constituents, came to the rescue and enacted an amendment to the prohibitory law, providing that where the local officers did not enforce its provisions, the Governor should, upon petition of citizens, appoint special officers to perform their neglected duties.

Petitions rolled in upon the Governor, and he was compelled to appoint; but he summoned to his council his political friends, and, after consultation with the run interest, they so much desired to conciliate, he appointed special officers to do just what the Governor did—noting!

The Prohibitionists, almost in despair, one year ago, notified the Republican party leaders that unless the law was enforced they would not again vote for Gov. Davis. This year he was nominated for re-election. The Fusionists nominated Plaisted, an old Republican, and though a Greenbacker, was an ardent Prohibitionist. The result is that with those who voted for the Prohibition candidate, those who voted for Plaisted, and those who stay away from the polls, the Republicans lose 3,500 from their estimated majority, and probably without gaining a single vote from the run interest to offset it. The moral of it is that the stronghold of the Republican party is in doing right. That it has nothing whatever to gain by selling its principles, and compromising with the devil. The Democratic party being the standard bearer of his Satanic Majesty, should be allowed all the glory and the profit thereof.

J. P.

—Diphtheria is prevailing in Brooklyn, and about one-half of the cases reported have proved fatal. Of sixty-two cases reported last week, thirty were fatal. On Sunday and Tuesday of this week there were nineteen additional cases, of which nine were fatal. Dr. Wyckoff, Registrar of the Bureau of Vital Statistics, attributes the presence of the disease to a lack of proper sewerage, and imperfect ventilation of the tenement houses.

—The New York Herald fears that Indiana may refuse her vote to Hancock, by reason of the large number of manufacturing establishments in the last few years, which favors a Protective Tariff. Right, Mr. Herald.

—Free Trade means the degradation of all labor to the level of the lowest labor.

John Adams breathed into this nation the breath of life.—James Otis. And a Bourdon servant is now arguing with it.

(From the New York Tribune.)

THE PARANOTUS INSECT.

Views of an Ex-President of a Southern College—His Experience in the South.

Will you permit a life-long worker in the cause of temperance, and a Prohibitionist of the most radical school, to give his reasons for not supporting Neal Dow for the Presidency in 1880?

If the temperance vote was anything like evenly divided between the two great parties, the Prohibition vote would be of small importance this year, but, unfortunately, this is not the case. More than 90 per cent. of it will come from one party, and by just so much aid the other. Small as this vote may be, in some of the close States, like New York, New Jersey, Connecticut and Indiana, it may turn the scale in favor of a party that few temperance men would like to see in control of the Government.

The Democratic party of Thomas Jefferson and Andrew Jackson was a patriotic, national party, but the party of Jefferson Davis, Robert Lee, Robert Toombs, Wade Hampton and General Hancock is a sectional party, pledged to the advancement of sectional interests and the overthrow of all that was accomplished by the terrible Rebellion, legal slavery alone excepted. They do not now seek the establishment of slavery, because free labor is found to be more profitable than slave labor. This party holds that the reconstruction acts of the National Legislature, including the Thirteenth, Fourteenth and Fifteenth amendments to the Constitution, are "unconstitutional, revolutionary and void." This, says Wade Hampton, is my plank in the (Democratic) platform. And null and void they have made them in every State over which, by fraud or violence, they have secured control. Thousands of colored men have been murdered in cold blood because they ventured to exercise the rights guaranteed to them by the Constitution and the Reconstruction acts of Congress, and practically they have no redress. The United States Courts can not punish domestic murder, and the State courts will not do it. Even white natives of many of the Southern States can with safety only vote on one side. The free voluntary exercise of the rights of freedom exposes them to the greatest dangers. B. F. Perry, late Provisional Governor of South Carolina, in a recent address, said: "The return of the Republican party to power in South Carolina must be prevented, let the consequences be what they may." This is a call to the rifle clubs and Ku-klux to repeat their fiendish cruelties of 1871 and 1876.

HOW SOUTH CAROLINA WAS MADE DEMOCRATIC.

The shot-gun policy of Wade Hampton resulted in the murder of more than 100 voters in Aiken county, South Carolina, in 1876. It pierced the heart of that noble youth, the Rev. B. F. Randolph, with seven bullets at mid-day in a public gathering in Edgefield county. It brought death to the Hon. Joseph Crews in Laurens county, and to the Hon. Alexander Brice in Oconee county. It took from their beds and murdered Andrew Johnson, Esq., the Rev. Wallace Fowler, and the Rev. Lewis Thompson, all quiet, law-abiding citizens of Spartanburg county, at the time my home. No one was punished for any one of these or for the hundreds of other murders in South Carolina, perpetrated to thwart the purposes of the United States Government in giving the franchise to the freedman.

Governor Perry also says: "The poor, miserable white man who tries to restore the Radical party to power in South Carolina should be socially ostracized and not spoken to on the streets; he should be treated as an enemy of his race, *hostis humani generis*. The colored man should be told that if he will vote to place rogues and scoundrels (all Republicans) in power, no honorable Democrat will employ him in any way. Social ostracism for the white man and no employment for the colored, should be resolved upon and adhered to throughout the State." Such is the intolerant spirit of the Southern party now seeking, through General Hancock, the control of the General Government. With a majority of more than 80,000, South Carolina Republicans dare not put a State ticket in the field.

Governor Perry, Wade Hampton and other leaders intend to force all to support their party or leave the State. Death is the penalty for disobedience. Many have left the South, who, on account of climate, went there, as I did, long before the war. Others, on "a fool's errand," after the war, thinking that peace meant the right to live in any State without disabilities. Finding their lives in hourly danger, some have left for safer climes.

A CAUSE HIGHER THAN PROHIBITION.

Will temperance men, even indirectly, aid such a party of intolerance, violence, murder and every other namable crime to gain ascendancy in the nation? Did Northern men understand the true condition of things South, and the purpose of the leaders, not one would be found so tied to party that he would risk the Government in such hands. But it is very difficult for fair, honest men, in politics, as well as in trade, to realize that such a condition of things exists as I and thousands of residents there know to be true. The author of "A Fool's Errand" has not overdrawn the picture. Had I written of the "Invisible Empire" I should have felt compelled to shade more heavily. The difference is, Judge Tourgee lived in North Carolina and I in South Carolina. If the Ku-klux were fiends in North Carolina they were arch-fiends in South Carolina.

Many circumstances lead me to believe that the Ku-klux, were, without exception, Democrats, and embraced the whole Southern Democratic party. Robert Shands, a leading Democratic lawyer at Union, South Carolina, under oath said, in answer to the question: "What is your opinion of the politics of the Ku-klux?" answered, "I think they must be Democrats." Question—"Have you any doubt of it?" Answer—"No, sir." To the

question, "Who belongs to the Klans?" Mr. Shands answered: "Every unmarried young man of respectability."

THE LIMITED SENSE IN WHICH SOUTHERNERS ARE HONEST.

I have often been asked are there no honest, good men in the South? I answer yes, in religion, business or social life, but in politics I know of no "respectable" man, to use Mr. Shands' language, that I would dare to trust. With them the end justifies the means, and in whipping, branding, cropping and killing Republicans they as verily believe they do God's service as did Saul of Tarsus in persecuting Christ's followers. They intend to hold the power of Government in their hands, "let the consequences be what they may," as said Governor Perry. The Kershaw Gazette says in an address to the colored people: "Have you duly considered the fact that the white people have the State and intend to hold it?" Yes, with an honest majority against them of 80,000, they hold, and will hold the State.

They mean also to hold the nation. Will temperance men help them? I can not, nor even throw away my vote by casting it for the great, good Neal Dow.

A. W. CUMMINGS.

Wellsville, N. Y., Sept. 20, 1880.

—Inasmuch as the Southern Democrats believe that their ticket represents "the principles for which Lee and Jackson fought," it seems not irrelevant that they should flout the flag under which they fought. But the Rebel banner flying over the name of General Hancock has a very queer look.

—Wait until the Senate is organized so as more fully to represent the principles for which Lee and Stonewall Jackson did not fight. Then Union soldiers will realize the difference between a loyal man and a "Rebel General" at the head of the Pension Committee."

MISCELLANEOUS.

HOW TO GET almost Everything.

Do you know how to get in the easiest way and to best advantage what you want for dress and house-furnishing?

First, how? Write for a catalogue; see what you can learn from it about the things you want. If samples can be useful to you, ask for them and state your wants so plainly that exactly the right samples can be sent.

Second, where? The place where goods are kept in the greatest variety; where they are sold for what they really are in respect to quality; where prices are lowest; where most care is taken to serve customers acceptably; and where you have the right to return whatever is not satisfactory.

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